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**GLOBAL DAILY FANTASY SPORTS INC.**

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED  
MARCH 31, 2020

*(Unaudited - in Canadian Dollars)*

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**NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

In accordance with National Instrument 51-102 Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the condensed consolidated interim financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's auditors have not performed a review of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

**GLOBAL DAILY FANTASY SPORTS INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION**  
*(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)*

	Note	March 31, 2020 \$	December 31, 2019 \$
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Current assets</b>			
Cash		26,976	90,292
Amounts receivable		12,775	23,508
GST/VAT receivables		75,722	64,929
Prepays		-	5,632
Other Assets	11	<u>72,602</u>	<u>67,865</u>
<b>Total current assets</b>		<u>188,075</u>	<u>252,226</u>
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	4	1,009	1,153
Intangible assets	5	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<u>1,009</u>	<u>1,153</u>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<u>189,084</u>	<u>253,379</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	8(a)	1,343,917	1,105,377
Loans	12	400,000	300,000
Purchase obligation payable	5(c)	<u>37,501</u>	<u>35,054</u>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>		<u>1,781,418</u>	<u>1,440,431</u>
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>			
Share capital	6	21,026,969	21,026,969
Share-based payments reserve		1,422,715	1,416,687
Deficit		<u>(24,042,018)</u>	<u>(23,630,708)</u>
<b>TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		<u>(1,592,334)</u>	<u>(1,187,052)</u>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		<u>189,084</u>	<u>253,379</u>

**Nature of operations and going concern** - Note 1

**Commitments** - Notes 5 and 11

**Subsequent events** - Note 14

These consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on May 29, 2020 and are signed on its behalf by:

/s/ Darcy Krogh  
Darcy Krogh  
Director

/s/ Mike Marrandino  
Mike Marrandino  
Director

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements*

**GLOBAL DAILY FANTASY SPORTS INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS**  
*(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)*

	Note	Three months ended, March 31	
		2020	2019
		\$	\$
<b>Revenue</b>		-	44,650
<b>Expenses</b>			
Accounting and administration		2,002	1,501
Data access fees		20,187	49,282
Depreciation	4	144	541
Directors' fees	8(a)	25,800	25,800
Disposal of fixed assets		-	10,454
Insurance		1,066	-
Legal		19,196	17,846
Loan Interest expense	13	11,315	-
Licenses		6,300	3,198
Management compensation	8(a)	105,000	116,285
Office and miscellaneous		4,692	6,787
Professional and technical support fees		118,220	323,951
Rent		7,471	23,694
Salaries and benefits		33,233	113,467
Share-based compensation		6,028	(37,012)
Shareholder costs		1,948	-
Transfer agent		1,838	5,681
Travel and related		8,994	16,035
		<u>373,434</u>	<u>677,510</u>
<b>Loss before other items</b>		<u>(373,434)</u>	<u>(632,860)</u>
<b>Other items</b>			
Interest income		356	473
Foreign exchange (loss) gain		(38,232)	8,645
		<u>(37,876)</u>	<u>9,118</u>
<b>Comprehensive loss for the period</b>		<u>(411,310)</u>	<u>(623,742)</u>
<b>Basic and diluted loss per common share</b>		<u>\$(0.01)</u>	<u>\$(0.01)</u>
<b>Basic and diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding</b>		<u>74,374,005</u>	<u>59,374,005</u>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements*

**GLOBAL DAILY FANTASY SPORTS INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**  
*(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)*

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2020				
	Share Capital		Share-Based Payments Reserve \$	Deficit \$	Total Equity \$
	Number of Shares	Amount \$			
<b>Balance at December 31, 2019</b>	74,374,005	21,026,969	1,416,687	(23,630,708)	(1,187,052)
Share-based compensation	-	-	6,028	-	6,028
Net loss for the three months	-	-	-	(411,310)	(411,310)
<b>Balance at March 31, 2020</b>	<u>74,374,005</u>	<u>21,026,969</u>	<u>1,422,715</u>	<u>(24,042,018)</u>	<u>(1,592,334)</u>

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2019					
	Share Capital		Share Subscriptions Received \$	Share-Based Payments Reserve \$	Deficit \$	Total Equity \$
	Number of Shares	Amount \$				
<b>Balance at December 31, 2018</b>	59,374,005	19,526,894	250,000	1,424,344	(21,372,283)	(170,955)
Common shares issued for:						
Share Subscriptions Received	-	-	259,985	-	-	250,000
Share-based payments	-	-	-	(37,012)	-	(37,012)
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(623,742)	(623,742)
<b>Balance at March 31, 2019</b>	<u>59,374,005</u>	<u>19,526,894</u>	<u>509,985</u>	<u>1,387,332</u>	<u>(21,996,025)</u>	<u>(571,724)</u>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements*

**GLOBAL DAILY FANTASY SPORTS INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
*(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)*

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<b>Operating activities</b>		
Net loss for the period	(411,310)	(623,742)
<b>Adjustments for:</b>		
Depreciation	144	541
Disposal of fixed assets	-	10,454
Share-based compensation	6,028	(37,012)
<b>Changes in non-cash working capital items:</b>		
Amounts receivable	10,733	(3,704)
GST/VAT receivables	(10,793)	507
Prepays	5,632	43,896
Other assets	(4,737)	2,813
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities, and purchase obligations	240,987	140,606
<b>Net cash used in operating activities</b>	<u>(163,316)</u>	<u>(465,641)</u>
<b>Financing activities</b>		
Loan	100,000	-
Share subscriptions received	-	259,985
<b>Net cash provided by financing activities</b>	<u>100,000</u>	<u>259,985</u>
<b>Net change in cash</b>	<u>(63,316)</u>	<u>(205,656)</u>
<b>Cash at beginning of year</b>	<u>90,292</u>	<u>268,730</u>
<b>Cash at end of the period</b>	<u>26,976</u>	<u>63,074</u>

Supplemental cash flow information - Note 9

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements*

**GLOBAL DAILY FANTASY SPORTS INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2020**

*(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)*

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**1. Nature of Operations and Going Concern**

The Company was incorporated on December 2, 1985 under the provisions of the Company Act (British Columbia). The Company is listed and traded on the TSX Venture Exchange (“TSXV”) under the symbol “DFS”. The Company’s principal office is located at #1305 - 1090 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, British Columbia V6E 3V7 Canada.

The Company’s principal business activity is online daily fantasy sports (“DFS”) industry as a business to business technology provider of DFS software, which will allow its customers the ability to offer a customized and fully-branded DFS product to their clients.

The Company’s operations have been primarily funded from equity financings, which are dependent upon many external factors and may be difficult to secure or raise when required on terms acceptable to the Company or at all. During the three months ended March 31, 2020 the Company incurred a net loss of \$411,310 and has negative working capital of \$1,593,343 (December 31, 2019 - negative working capital of \$1,188,205) and an accumulated deficit of \$24,042,018 (December 31, 2019 - \$23,630,708). The Company recognizes that its objectives and scope of expenditures may change with ongoing results and, as a result, it may be required to obtain additional financing. While the Company has been successful in securing financing in the past, there can be no assurance that it will be able to do so in the future. Subsequent to year end there was a global outbreak of a novel coronavirus identified as “COVID-19”. On March 11, 2020 the World Health Organization (“WHO”) declared a global pandemic. In order to combat the spread of COVID-19 governments worldwide, including Canada, have enacted emergency measures including travel bans, legally enforced or self-imposed quarantine periods, social distancing and business and organization closures. These measures will have a significant, negative effect on the economy of all nations for an undeterminable period of time, the extent of which is also uncertain. These factors indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern. If for any reason the Company is unable to continue as a going concern, it could impact the Company’s ability to realize assets at their recognized values and to meet its liabilities in the ordinary course of business at the amounts stated in the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

**2. Basis of Preparation**

*Statement of Compliance*

These consolidated financial statements are audited and have been prepared in accordance with IFRS issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) and Interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (“IFRIC”).

*Basis of Measurement*

The Company’s consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the revaluation of certain financial assets and financial liabilities to fair value. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted.

In addition to the Company, the consolidated financial statements include all subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are all corporations over which the Company is able, directly or indirectly, to control financial and operating policies, which is the authority usually connected with holding majority voting rights. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is acquired by the Company. Inter-company transactions and balances are eliminated upon consolidation. They are de-consolidated from the date that control by the Company ceases.

The subsidiaries of the Company as at March 31, 2020 are as follows:

<u>Company</u>	<u>Location of Incorporation</u>	<u>Ownership Interest</u>
GDFSI Malta Holding Limited	Malta	100%
GDFSI Malta Limited	Malta	100%

**GLOBAL DAILY FANTASY SPORTS INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2020**  
*(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)*

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**3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

*Critical Judgments and Sources of Estimation Uncertainty*

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of expense during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates. These financial statements include estimates which, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such estimates are pervasive throughout the financial statements, and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. These estimates are based on historical experience, current and future economic conditions and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The following are critical judgments and estimations that management has made in the process of applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

- (i) The determination of categories of financial assets and financial liabilities has been identified as an accounting policy which involves judgments or assessments made by management.
- (ii) Management uses judgment in estimating the recoverable values of the Company's cash generating units ("CGUs") and uses internally developed valuation models that consider various factors and assumptions including forecasted cash earnings, growth rates and discount rates. The use of different assumptions and estimates could influence the determination of the existence of impairment.
- (iii) Management is required to assess the functional currency of each entity of the Company. In concluding that the Canadian dollar is the functional currency of the parent and its subsidiary companies, management considered the currency that mainly influences the cost of providing goods and services in each jurisdiction in which the Company operates. As no single currency was clearly dominant the Company also considered secondary indicators including the currency in which funds from financing activities are denominated and the currency in which funds are retained.
- (iv) The assessment of the probability of future taxable income in which deferred tax assets can be utilized is based on the Company's estimate of future profits or losses adjusted for significant non-taxable income and expenses and specific limits to the use of any unused tax loss or credit. If a positive forecast of taxable income indicates the probable use of a deferred tax asset, especially when it can be utilized without a time limit, that deferred tax asset is usually recognized in full. The recognition of deferred tax assets that are subject to certain legal or economic limits or uncertainties is assessed individually by management based on the specific facts and circumstances.
- (v) The valuation of share options involves key estimates such as volatility, forfeiture rates, estimated lives and market rates.

*Cash and Cash Equivalents*

Cash includes cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents include short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. The Company is not exposed to significant credit or interest rate risk although cash is held in excess of federally insured limits with a major financial institution. As at March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019 the Company did not have any cash equivalents.



**GLOBAL DAILY FANTASY SPORTS INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2020**  
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**3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

***Amounts Receivable***

Receivables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

***Property, Plant and Equipment***

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment consists of the purchase price, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for its intended use and an initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated annually on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets, at a rate of between 25% and 30% for office furniture and equipment.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on disposal of the asset, determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, is recognized in profit or loss in the statement of comprehensive income or loss.

Where an item of property, plant and equipment comprises major components with different useful lives, the components are accounted for as separate items of property, plant and equipment. Expenditures incurred to replace a component of an item of plant and equipment that is accounted for separately, including major inspection and overhaul expenditures are capitalized.

The Company compares the carrying value of property, plant and equipment to estimated net recoverable amounts, based on estimated future cash flows, to determine whether there is any indication of impairment whenever events or circumstances warrant.

***Intangible Assets***

Intangible assets are carried at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Intangible assets consists of licenses and costs incurred to develop software platforms and internet websites and mobile phone applications to promote, advertise and earn revenue with respect to the Company's business operations. Costs are capitalized when the expenditure can be directly attributed or allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis, and was incurred for its intended use in accordance with IFRS, and in accordance with IAS 38, *Intangible Assets*, as issued by the IASB. Content developed for advertising or promoting is recognized as an expense when incurred. Amortization is provided on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

**GLOBAL DAILY FANTASY SPORTS INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2020**  
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**3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

***Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities***

Payables are obligations to pay for materials or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Payables are classified as other financial liabilities initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

***Impairment of Financial Assets***

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired. If such evidence exists, an impairment loss is recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss.

Impairment losses on financial assets carried at amortized cost, including loans and receivables, are calculated as the difference between the amortized cost of the loan or receivable and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted using the instrument's original effective interest rate. Impairment losses on financial assets carried at amortized cost are reversed in subsequent periods if the amount of the loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized.

***Impairment of Non-financial Assets***

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If indicators exist, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The recoverable amounts of the following types of intangible assets are measured annually whether or not there is any indication that it may be impaired:

- (i) an intangible asset with an indefinite useful life; and
- (ii) an intangible asset not yet available for use.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use ("VIU") and its fair value less costs to sell ("FVLCS"). In assessing VIU, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

The Company's assets do not generate separate cash inflows. If there is an indication that a corporate asset may be impaired, then the recoverable amount is determined for the CGU to which the corporate asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss.

In respect of assets other than intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives, impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed in a subsequent period when there has been an increase in the recoverable amount of a previously impaired asset or CGU. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

**GLOBAL DAILY FANTASY SPORTS INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2020**  
*(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)*

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**3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

***Financial Instruments***

(i) Classification

The Company classifies its financial instruments in the following categories: at fair value through profit and loss (“FVTPL”), at fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVOCI”) or at amortized cost. The Company determines the classification of financial assets at initial recognition. The classification of debt instruments is driven by the Company’s business model for managing the financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics. Equity instruments that are held for trading are classified as FVTPL. For other equity instruments, on the day of acquisition the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate them as at FVOCI. Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, unless they are required to be measured at FVTPL (such as instruments held for trading or derivatives) or if the Company has opted to measure them at FVTPL.

(ii) Measurement

Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost are initially recognized at fair value plus or minus transaction costs, respectively, and subsequently carried at amortized cost less any impairment.

Financial assets and liabilities carried at FVTPL are initially recorded at fair value. Realized and unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities held at FVTPL are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Financial assets and liabilities carried at FVOCI are initially recorded at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities held at FVOCI are included in comprehensive income or loss in the period in which they arise.

(iii) Impairment of Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

The Company recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets that are measured at amortized cost. At each reporting date, the Company measures the loss allowance for the financial asset at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. If at the reporting date, the financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for the financial asset at an amount equal to the twelve month expected credit losses. Regardless of whether credit risk has increased significantly, the loss allowance for trade receivables without a significant financing component classified at amortized cost, are measured using the lifetime expected credit loss approach. The Company shall recognize in the statements of net (loss) income, as an impairment gain or loss, the amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognized.

(iv) Derecognition

The Company derecognizes financial assets only when the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial assets expire, or when it transfers the financial assets and substantially all of the associated risks and rewards of ownership to another entity. Gains and losses on derecognition are generally recognized in the statements of net (loss) income.

**GLOBAL DAILY FANTASY SPORTS INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2020**  
*(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)*

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**3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

***Share Capital***

Common shares issued by the Company are classified as equity. Costs directly attributable to the issue of common shares, share purchase warrants and share options are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of any related income tax effects.

***Equity Financing***

The Company engages in equity financing transactions to obtain the funds necessary to continue operations. These equity financings transactions may involve issuance of common shares or units. Units typically comprise a certain number of common shares and share purchase warrants. Depending on the terms and conditions of each equity financing transaction, the warrants are exercisable into additional common shares at a price prior to expiry as stipulated by the terms of the transaction. The Company has adopted the residual value method with respect to the allocation of proceeds received on sale of units to the underlying common shares and share purchase warrants issued as private placement units. The fair value of the common shares issued in private placements is determined by the closing quoted bid price on the announcement date. The balance, if any, is allocated to the attached share purchase warrants.

***Share-Based Payment Transactions***

The share option plan allows Company employees and consultants to acquire shares of the Company. The fair value of share options granted is recognized as a share-based compensation expense with a corresponding increase in the equity settled share-based payments reserve in equity. An individual is classified as an employee when the individual is an employee for legal or tax purposes (direct employee) or provides services similar to those performed by a direct employee.

For employees the fair value is measured at grant date and each tranche is recognized on a straight-line basis over the period during which the share options vest. The fair value of the share options granted is measured using the Black-Scholes option pricing model taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the share options were granted.

At the end of each reporting period, the amount recognized as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of share options that are expected to vest.

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions with non-employees are measured at the fair value of the goods or services received. However, if the fair value cannot be estimated reliably, the share-based payment transaction is measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the date the Company receives the goods or the services.

***Current and Deferred Income Taxes***

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in the statement of comprehensive loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive loss or directly in equity. In this case the income tax is also recognized in other comprehensive loss or directly in equity, respectively.

**GLOBAL DAILY FANTASY SPORTS INC.**  
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**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2020**  
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**3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

*Current Income Tax*

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantially enacted at the statement of financial position date in the countries where the Company's subsidiaries and associates operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

*Deferred Income Tax*

Deferred income tax is recognized, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the statement of financial position date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled. Deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

*Loss Per Share*

Basic loss per share is computed by dividing income available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The computation of diluted loss per share assumes the conversion, exercise or contingent issuance of securities only when such conversion, exercise or issuance would have a dilutive effect on loss per share earnings. The Company computes the dilutive impact of common shares assuming the proceeds received from the pro forma exercise of in-the-money share options and warrants are used to purchase common shares at average prices.

*Revenue Recognition*

Revenue is recognized only when the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity.

*Foreign Currency Translation*

*Functional and Presentation Currency*

The financial statements of each of the Company's subsidiaries are prepared in the local currency of their home jurisdictions. Consolidation of each subsidiary includes re-measurement from the local currency to the subsidiary's functional currency. Each subsidiary's functional currency, being the currency of the primary economic environment in which the subsidiary operates, is the Canadian dollar. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars.

**GLOBAL DAILY FANTASY SPORTS INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2020**  
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**3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

Exchange rates published by the Bank of Canada were used to translate subsidiary financial statements into the consolidated financial statements. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive loss presented are translated using the rates prevailing on the transaction dates. All resulting foreign exchange differences are recognized in comprehensive loss.

***Foreign Currency Transactions***

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing on the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and

from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in comprehensive loss.

***Provisions***

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. If the effect is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. All provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

***Leases***

The Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability for its leases. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost and depreciated over its estimated useful life. At the commencement date, the lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. If the lease terms are subsequently changed, the present value of the lease liability is re-measured using the revised lease terms and applying the appropriate discount rate to the remaining lease payments. The Company recognizes the amount of the re-measurement of the lease liability as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset. However, if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is reduced to zero and there is a further reduction in the measurement of the lease liability, the Company recognizes any remaining amount of the re-measurement in profit or loss. The Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets.

***Changes in Accounting Policies – Leases***

Effective January 1, 2019 the Company adopted IFRS 16 – Leases (“IFRS 16”), which replaces IAS 17 – Leases (“IAS 17”) and its associated interpretative guidance. IFRS 16 specifies how an IFRS reporter will recognize, measure, present and” disclose leases. The standard provides a single lessee accounting model, requiring lessees to recognize assets and liabilities for all leases unless the lease term is 12 months or less (“Short-term Leases”) or the underlying asset has a low value. Lessors continue to classify leases as operating or finance, with IFRS 16's approach to lessor accounting substantially unchanged from its predecessor, IAS 17.

The Company has leases which are Short-term Leases and, as allowed by IFRS 16, has determined not recognize these leases as assets and liabilities. There was no significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements upon the adoption of this new standard.

**GLOBAL DAILY FANTASY SPORTS INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2020**  
*(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)*

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**4. Property, Plant and Equipment**

	<b>Office Furniture and Equipment \$</b>
<b>Cost:</b>	
Balance at December 31, 2018	24,854
Disposals	<u>(16,202)</u>
Balance at December 31, 2019	<u>8,652</u>
Balance at March 31, 2020	<u>8,652</u>
<b>Accumulated Depreciation:</b>	
Balance at December 31, 2018	11,231
Depreciation	2,016
Disposals	<u>(5,748)</u>
Balance at December 31, 2019	<u>7,499</u>
Depreciation	<u>144</u>
Balance at March 31, 2020	<u>7,643</u>
<b>Carrying Value:</b>	
Balance at December 31, 2019	<u>1,153</u>
Balance at March 31, 2020	<u>1,009</u>

**GLOBAL DAILY FANTASY SPORTS INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2020**  
*(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)*

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**5. Intangible Assets**

- (a) On May 12, 2016 the Company entered into an agreement (the “Bellwether Agreement”) with Bellwether Technologies, Inc. (“Bellwether”), a privately owned Nevada corporation, pursuant to which Bellwether:
- (i) granted the Company a perpetual license for a software platform license (the “Bellwether Platform License”);
  - (ii) agreed to develop a proprietary software system (the “DFS Product”); and
  - (iii) agreed to provide maintenance and support of the Bellwether Platform License and DFS Product (the “Bellwether Support”) for a two year period until May 2018.

In consideration for the Bellwether Platform License, the Company agreed to pay Bellwether a one-time license fee of US\$400,000, of which US\$150,000 (\$194,685) was paid on May 26, 2016 and US\$250,000 was due upon the completion and sign-off by the Company of the Phase III - Beta Testing of the DFS Product and receipt of all documentation of the DFS Product and Bellwether Platform License, this was paid in January 2018. As at December 31, 2019, the Company has paid Bellwether development fees totalling \$2,147,972 in connection with the development of the DFS Product. The Company has paid Bellwether \$490,998 for the 24 month period to December 31, 2019, for software support and maintenance.

- (b) On May 31, 2016, the Company entered into an agreement (the “NYX Agreement”) with NYX Digital Gaming (USA), LLC (“NYX”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of NYX Gaming Group Limited, (NYX Gaming Group Limited which in turn was purchased by Scientific Games Corporation (NASDAQ: SGMS) (“SGC”) in January 2018. Scientific Games a global leader in technology-based gaming systems, table games, table products and instant games, and a leader in products, services and content for gaming, lottery and interactive gaming markets), established a strategic relationship with NYX to develop and distribute the DFS Product on NYX’s proprietary suite of software files (the “OGS Platform”) to NYX clients as follows:

- (i) the Company and NYX will co-operate in the development of the DFS Product;
- (ii) NYX granted the Company an exclusive, irrevocable, non-transferable (except to an affiliate or a third party non-competitor of NYX) worldwide right to distribute the DFS Product on the OGS network (the “Network Distribution Rights”);
- (iii) NYX granted the Company an exclusive, irrevocable, non sub-licensable and non-transferable (except to an affiliate or a third party non-competitor of NYX) worldwide licence to use and exploit the OGS Platform and to use, display, install, copy and create derivative works or otherwise exploit the OGS Platform in connection with the distribution of the DFS Product on the OGS network (the “OGS Licence”); and
- (iv) NYX agreed to offer and promote the DFS Product to its current and future customer base as its sole daily fantasy sports solution and to use its sales and marketing teams to maximize commercial exploitation of the DFS Product throughout the OGS network.

In consideration for the Network Distribution Rights and the OGS Licence, the Company paid NYX \$159,488 (US\$125,000) on April 12, 2016 and, on August 5, 2016, made a further payment of \$163,175 (US\$125,000).

The Company must also make a payment of US\$250,000 to NYX upon the commercial launch of the DFS Product on the OGS Platform and the OGS network (the “Commercial Launch”).

In addition, the Company will pay to NYX a monthly royalty (the “DFS Royalty”), comprising the greater of:



**GLOBAL DAILY FANTASY SPORTS INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2020**  
*(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)*

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**5. Intangible Assets (continued)**

- (v) 30% net gaming revenue earned from the use of the OGS Platform and OGS network to distribute the DFS Product; or
- (vi) minimum royalty of US\$5,000 per month for the first 24 months, and US\$10,000 thereafter.

The Company's obligation to remit the applicable DFS Royalty will begin 30 days after the Commercial Launch. The term of the NYX Agreement is five years from the Commercial Launch, which initial term may be renewed by the Company on written notice to NYX for an additional five year period. The development work for the integration of the DFS product into the OGS Platform and OGS network has not been fully completed as the Company has not yet signed with a NYX customer.

- (c) On May 26, 2017 the Company announced that, effective May 11, 2017, the Company entered into an asset purchase agreement (the "Mondogoal Purchase") with Mondogoal whereby the Company purchased Mondogoal's operating assets consisting of intellectual property, trademarks and client contracts (the "Purchased Assets") for the Company's DFS B2B operations to be conducted in Italy. The purchase price paid for the Purchased Assets was US\$247,500 plus certain unpaid liabilities of Mondogoal related to the assets. In addition, the Company agreed to pay Mondogoal an amount equal to the value of the net gaming revenues derived from the Purchased Assets during each of the first three anniversary periods, to be payable in common shares of the Company that are priced in the context of the market (the "Earn-out Shares") to a maximum of US\$300,000 and subject to TSXV approval. As of March 31, 2020, no Earn-out Shares have been issued.

Mondogoal has ceased operations and has failed to perform its obligations under the Mondogoal Purchase. The Company believes it has no further obligations owing under the Mondogoal Purchase and has the right to certain damages under the Mondogoal Purchase. The Company has no customers using Mondogoal's operating assets it acquired as three of Mondogoal's Italian operators were not renewed on July 31, 2019.

- (d) Intangible assets are tested for impairment when indicators of impairment exist at the reporting date as described in its policy in Note 3. The Company has grouped all the intangible assets into one cash generating unit ("CGU") for the purposes of impairment testing.

At December 31, 2018, the Company noted that the intangible assets had indicators of impairment. The main indicator of impairment of the Bellwether agreement and the Other Internal Developed Software was the uncertainty of demand from potential customers for the Company's software. As a result of the continuing operational losses being incurred by the Company due to the uncertainty of demand it was impossible to produce a reliable future positive cash-flow model that could justify carrying a value for the software. There was no certainty of demand from NYX customers for the Company's software and with no visibility into future cash-flow generation it was impossible to produce a reliable future positive cash-flow model that could justify carrying a value for the asset. The value of the Mondogoal investment had previously been justified through the expected future growth of the revenue from the customer contracts, however in 2018 the revenue from these contracts did not grow enough to establish a network that had positive cash-flow, and with the lack of growth holding a value for the Mondogoal investment was not justifiable. As a result of the indicators, the Company completed an impairment test by comparing the carrying amount of the CGU to its recoverable amount.

**GLOBAL DAILY FANTASY SPORTS INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2020**  
*(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)*

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**5. Intangible Assets (continued)**

To determine the recoverable amount, the Company compared the carrying value of the CGU to the recoverable amount, where the recoverable amount is higher of the FVLCS and the VIU. An impairment charge is recognized to the extent that the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount.

The Company was unable to determine reliable estimates for the CGU using either FVLCS or VIU. As a result, the Company determined that a full impairment of the CGU was required and, accordingly, made an impairment charge of \$3,114,144 in 2018.

**6. Share Capital**

(a) *Authorized Share Capital*

The Company's authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of common shares without par value. All issued common shares are fully paid.

(b) *Equity Financings*

No equity financings were conducted by the Company during the three months to March 31, 2020. On January 15, 2020, the Company announced a financing transaction of up to 33,333,334 subscription receipts (each, a "Subscription Receipt") at a price of \$0.15 per Subscription Receipt for aggregate gross proceeds of up to \$5,000,000 (the "Financing"), with an over-allotment option for further proceeds of up to \$750,000, the proceeds of which are to be used for working capital and satisfy the financing condition to complete the Playgon Transaction. On April 23, 2020, the Company modified the terms of the Financing to produce that each Subscription Receipt will, without payment of any additional consideration and without further action on the part of the holder thereof, be automatically exercisable into one common share in the capital of the Company and one warrant of the Company (a "Warrant"). Each Warrant will entitle the holder thereof to purchase one common share in the capital of the Company (each, a "Warrant Share") at an exercise price of \$0.215 per Warrant Share for 18 months from the escrow release date, subject to acceleration if, at any time between the date that is four months and one day following the closing date of the Financing and the expiry date of the Warrants, the common shares of the Company trade at a closing price of \$0.30 or above for a period of 20 consecutive trading days on the TSX Venture Exchange or such other stock exchange where the Company's common shares are listed. The Financing is expected to close on or about June 1, 2020; however, the Company provides no assurance that it will be closed or on the conditions provided herein.

*Fiscal 2019*

During the twelve months to December 31, 2019, the Company completed a first tranche of a non-brokered private placement of 11,600,000 units at a price of \$0.10 per unit for gross proceeds of \$1,159,985. Each unit consisted of one common share of the Company and one non-transferable common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles, subject to accelerated vesting in certain circumstances, the holder to purchase an additional common share of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.20 per until April 4, 2020. In addition, the Company completed a second tranche of a non-brokered private placement of 3,400,000 units at a price of \$0.10 per unit for gross proceeds of \$340,000. Each unit consisted of one common share of the Company and one non-transferable common share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase an additional common share of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.20 per until July 17, 2020.

**GLOBAL DAILY FANTASY SPORTS INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2020**  
*(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)*

**6. Share Capital (continued)**

(c) *Warrants*

A summary of the number of common shares reserved pursuant to the Company's outstanding warrants at March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, and the changes for the years ended on those dates is as follows:

	<u>March 31, 2020</u>		<u>December 31, 2019</u>	
	Number	Weighted Average Exercise Price \$	Number	Weighted Average Exercise Price \$
Balance, beginning of year	19,975,730	0.25	4,975,730	0.40
Issued	<u>-</u>		<u>15,000,000</u>	0.20
Balance, end of period	<u>19,975,730</u>	0.25	<u>19,975,730</u>	0.25

The following table summarizes information about the number of common shares reserved pursuant to the Company's warrants outstanding and exercisable at March 31, 2020:

Number	Exercise Price \$	Expiry Date
3,117,128	0.40	August 16, 2021
1,858,602	0.40	September 29, 2021
11,600,000	0.20	April 4, 2020
<u>3,400,000</u>	0.20	July 17, 2020
<u>19,975,730</u>		

(d) *Share Option Plan*

The Company has established a rolling share option plan (the "Plan"), in which the maximum number of common shares which can be reserved for issuance under the Plan is 10% of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company. The minimum exercise price of the options is set at the Company's closing share price on the day before the grant date, less allowable discounts in accordance with the policies of the TSXV.

The vesting provisions are determined by the Board of Directors and, unless otherwise stated, fully vest when granted.

No share options were granted in the three months to March 31, 2020 or the twelve months to December 31, 2019. The fair value of the share options granted was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the following assumptions:

Risk-free interest rate of 1.757% to 2.232%; estimated volatility of 100.97% to 124.60%; expected life of five years; expected dividend yield of 0%; estimated forfeiture rate of 0%. The share options are subject to vesting provisions and will vest over three years.

Option-pricing models require the use of estimates and assumptions including the expected volatility. Changes in the underlying assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimates and, therefore, existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable measure of the fair value of the Company's share options.

**GLOBAL DAILY FANTASY SPORTS INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2020**  
*(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)*

**6. Share Capital (continued)**

(d) *Share Option Plan (continued)*

A summary of the Company's share options at March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019 and the changes for the twelve months ended on those dates, is as follows:

	March 31, 2020		December 31, 2019	
	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price \$	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price \$
Balance, beginning of period	2,291,663	0.45	2,825,000	0.45
Forfeited	<u>(441,663)</u>	0.48	<u>(533,337)</u>	0.42
Balance, end of period	<u>1,850,000</u>	0.44	<u>2,291,663</u>	0.45

The following table summarizes the outstanding and exercisable share options at March 31, 2020:

Number Outstanding	Number Exercisable	Exercise Price \$	Expiry Date
1,650,000	1,416,667	0.48	September 12, 2022
<u>200,000</u>	<u>66,666</u>	0.15	August 23, 2023
<u>1,850,000</u>	<u>1,483,333</u>		

**7. Related Party Disclosures**

Transactions with related parties are made in the normal course of business and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

(a) *Transactions with Key Management Personnel*

Key management personnel include those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company as a whole. The Company has determined that key management personnel consists of members of the Company's Board of Directors and its executive officers.

During the three months ended March 31, 2020 the Company incurred \$130,800 (2019 - \$142,085) for compensation to directors and officers and/or their related companies. As at March 31, 2020, \$825,007 (2019 - \$376,940) remained unpaid and has been included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

(b) *Transactions with Other Related Parties*

During the three months ended March 31, 2020 the Company incurred legal expenses of \$19,196 (2019 - \$8,820) by Meretsky Law Firm, a law firm of which a director of the Company is a partner. As at March 31, 2020, \$50,731 (2019 - \$8,820) remained unpaid and has been included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

**GLOBAL DAILY FANTASY SPORTS INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2020**  
*(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)*

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**8. Financial Instruments and Risk Management**

*Categories of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities*

Financial instruments are classified into one of the following categories: fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”); amortized costs; and fair value through other comprehensive income. The carrying values of the Company’s financial instruments are classified into the following categories:

<b>Financial Instrument</b>	<b>Category</b>	<b>March 31, 2020 \$</b>	<b>December 31, 2019 \$</b>
Cash	FVTPL	26,976	90,292
Amounts receivable	Amortized costs	12,775	88,437
Other assets	Amortized costs	72,602	67,865
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Amortized costs	(1,343,917)	(1,105,377)
Purchase obligation payable	Amortized costs	(37,501)	(35,054)
Loans payable	FVTPL	(400,000)	(300,000)

The Company’s financial instruments recorded at fair value require disclosure about how the fair value was determined based on significant levels of inputs described in the following hierarchy:

Level 1 - Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date. Active markets are those in which transactions occur in sufficient frequency and value to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

Level 2 - Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets included in Level 1. Prices in Level 2 are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date. Level 2 valuations are based on inputs including quoted forward prices for commodities, time value and volatility factors, which can be substantially observed or corroborated in the market place.

Level 3 - Valuations in this level are those with inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

The recorded amounts for cash, amounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and purchase obligation payable approximate their fair value due to their short-term nature. The Company’s fair value of cash under the fair value hierarchy is measured using Level 1 inputs.

The Company’s risk exposures and the impact on the Company’s financial instruments are summarized below:

*Credit Risk*

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with a counterparty’s inability to fulfill its payment obligations. The Company’s credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and amounts receivable. Management believes that the credit risk concentration with respect to financial instruments included in cash and amounts receivable is remote.

**GLOBAL DAILY FANTASY SPORTS INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2020**

*(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)*

**8. Financial Instruments and Risk Management** (continued)

*Liquidity Risk*

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not have the resources to meet its obligations as they fall due. The Company manages this risk by closely monitoring cash forecasts and managing resources to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its obligations. All of the Company's financial liabilities are classified as current and are anticipated to mature within the next fiscal period. The following table is based on the contractual maturity dates of financial assets and the earliest date on which the Company can be required to settle financial liabilities.

	<b>Contractual Maturity Analysis at March 31, 2020</b>				
	<b>Less than 3 Months \$</b>	<b>3 - 12 Months \$</b>	<b>1 - 5 Years \$</b>	<b>Over 5 Years \$</b>	<b>Total \$</b>
Cash	26,976	-	-	-	26,976
Amounts receivable	12,775	-	-	-	12,775
Other assets	72,602	-	-	-	72,602
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(1,343,917)	-	-	-	(1,343,917)
Purchase obligation payable	(37,501)	-	-	-	(37,501)
Loans payable	(400,000)	-	-	-	(400,000)

	<b>Contractual Maturity Analysis at December 31, 2019</b>				
	<b>Less than 3 Months \$</b>	<b>3 - 12 Months \$</b>	<b>1 - 5 Years \$</b>	<b>Over 5 Years \$</b>	<b>Total \$</b>
Cash	90,292	-	-	-	90,292
Amounts receivable	88,437	-	-	-	88,437
Other assets	67,865	-	-	-	67,865
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(1,105,377)	-	-	-	(1,105,377)
Purchase obligation payable	(35,054)	-	-	-	(35,054)

*Market Risk*

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and commodity and equity prices. These fluctuations may be significant.

*Interest Rate Risk*

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk to the extent that the cash and cash equivalents bear floating rates of interest. The interest rate risk on cash and on the Company's obligations are not considered significant.

*Regulatory Risk*

The Company is exposed to risk due to the regulatory uncertainty of the DFS industry and online gaming activities. The industry is currently unregulated. The Company is unable to predict whether regulations will be introduced in the future and if so, whether they could negatively impact the operations of the Company.

*Capital Management*

The Company does not have any externally imposed regulatory capital requirements for managing capital. The Company has defined its capital to mean working capital and shareholders equity, as determined at each reporting date.

**GLOBAL DAILY FANTASY SPORTS INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2020**  
*(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)*

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**8. Financial Instruments and Risk Management** (continued)

*Capital Management (continued)*

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. The Company sets the amount of capital in proportion to risk. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may issue new shares, or engage in debt financing.

**9. Supplemental Cash Flow Information**

During the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 there were no non-cash activities conducted by the Company.

**10. Commitments**

The Company must make a payment of US \$250,000 to SGC upon the commercial launch of the DFS Product on the OGS Platform and the OGS Network.

**11. Other assets**

In October 2018 the Company's bank in Malta, Satabank, was directed by the Malta Financial Services Authority (MFSA) to refrain, cease and desist from taking further deposits into the accounts of its current customers. The MFSA also asked Ernst & Young, to take charge of the bank's assets for the purpose of safeguarding the interests of depositors and to assume control of the bank's business. The Company has 46,489 euro (CA \$67,220) in two bank accounts at Satabank and is in the process of transferring these funds to a new bank in Malta. As the funds are not currently available cash the amount has been categorized as "Other assets" in the statement of financial position. Dialogue with Satabank is ongoing and the Company anticipates release in full of these funds in 2020.

**12. Loans**

In the previous quarter in order to provide working capital to complete the acquisition of Playgon Interactive Inc, the Company arranged a working capital loan of \$300,000 from arm's length parties. Due to approval and normal course transaction delays this working capital loan was increase by \$200,000 in the three months ending March 31,2020 for a total of \$500,000. The loan is at twelve percent (12%) interest per annum, due on demand and unsecured. The Company intends to repay the loan from working capital following completion of the Playgon acquisition.

**GLOBAL DAILY FANTASY SPORTS INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2020**  
*(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)*

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**13. Subsequent Events**

On January 15, 2020, the Company announced a financing transaction of up to 33,333,334 subscription receipts (each, a "Subscription Receipt") at a price of \$0.15 per Subscription Receipt for aggregate gross proceeds of up to \$5,000,000 (the "Financing"), with an over-allotment option for further proceeds of up to \$750,000, the proceeds of which are to be used for working capital and satisfy the financing condition to complete the Playgon Transaction. On April 23, 2020, the Company modified the terms of the Financing to produce that each Subscription Receipt will, without payment of any additional consideration and without further action on the part of the holder thereof, be automatically exercisable into one common share in the capital of the Company and one warrant of the Company (a "Warrant"). Each Warrant will entitle the holder thereof to purchase one common share in the capital of the Company (each, a "Warrant Share") at an exercise price of \$0.215 per Warrant Share for 18 months from the escrow release date, subject to acceleration if, at any time between the date that is four months and one day following the closing date of the Financing and the expiry date of the Warrants, the common shares of the Company trade at a closing price of \$0.30 or above for a period of 20 consecutive trading days on the TSX Venture Exchange or such other stock exchange where the Company's common shares are listed. The Financing is expected to close on or about June 1, 2020; however, the Company provides no assurance that it will be closed or on the conditions provided herein.